



Consumer Information and Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)

The U.S. Department of Education requires all institutions to annually notify all current and prospective students of their access to Consumer Information and FERPA Privacy Rights. Consumer Information Institutions participating in the Title IV Federal financial aid programs are required to distribute Consumer Information disclosures. You may obtain a copy of the Consumer Information disclosures by accessing the following <https://www.roswell.enmu.edu/consumer-information/> or by contacting the Admissions or Financial Aid office. Currently enrolled students may choose to withhold disclosure of directory information by notifying the office of Admissions & Records. Students should consider very carefully the decision to withhold directory information. The Consumer Information contained in the disclosures includes but is not limited to:

- Basic Financial Aid Information
- State and Local Aid, School Aid, and Other Private Aid Programs
- Applying for Federal Student Financial Aid
- Statement Regarding Credit Balances
- Terms and Conditions of Federal Work Study Employment as Part of the Financial Aid Package
- Terms and Conditions Under Which Students Receive Federal Loans
- Financial Aid Loan Management
- General Information about the school
- Satisfactory Academic Progress
- Prevention of financial aid/scholarship fraud

Student Right-To-Know Act Disclosures

- Graduation Rates
- Retention Rates
- Pell Recipient Diversity Data

Additional Gainful Employment Disclosure Templates can be reviewed by accessing the Consumer Information webpage and choosing the “Gainful Employment” link on the webpage.

Gainful Employment Disclosure Templates include:

- Program Length
- Tuition and Fees
- Median Loan Debt
- Completion Rates
- Placement Rates (if calculated)
- Occupation Outcomes

FERPA Privacy Rights

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (20 U.S.C. § 1232g; 34 CFR Part 99) is a Federal law that protects the privacy of student education records. The law applies to all schools that receive funds under an applicable program of the U.S. Department of Education. FERPA gives parents certain rights with respect to their dependent children's education records. These rights transfer to the student when he or she reaches the age of 18 or attends a school beyond the high school level. Students to whom the rights have transferred are "eligible students."

- Parents or eligible students have the right to inspect and review the student's education records maintained by the school. Schools are not required to provide copies of records unless, for reasons such as great distance, it is impossible for parents or eligible students to review the records. Schools may charge a fee for copies. ENMU-Roswell requires that students have a notarized Information Release Form on file for each area they wish to release information. The Information Release Form must be updated each Academic Year
- Parents or eligible students have the right to request that a school correct records which they believe to be inaccurate or misleading. If the school decides not to amend the record, the parent or eligible student then has the right to a formal hearing. After the hearing, if the school still decides not to amend the record, the parent or eligible student has the right to place a statement with the record setting forth his or her view about the contested information.
- Generally, schools must have written permission from the parent or eligible student in order to release any information from a student's education record. However, FERPA allows schools to disclose those records, without consent, to the following parties or under the following conditions (34 CFR § 99.31):
 - School officials with legitimate educational interest;
 - Other schools to which a student is transferring;
 - Specified officials for audit or evaluation purposes;
 - Appropriate parties in connection with financial aid to a student;
 - Organizations conducting certain studies for or on behalf of the school;
 - Accrediting organizations;
 - To comply with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena;
 - Appropriate officials in cases of health and safety emergencies; and
 - State and local authorities, within a juvenile justice system, pursuant to specific State law.

Schools may disclose, without consent, "directory" information such as a student's name, address, telephone number, date and place of birth, honors and awards, student ID, and dates of attendance. However, schools must tell parents and eligible students about directory information and allow parents and eligible students a reasonable amount of time to request that the school not disclose directory information about them. Schools must notify parents and eligible students annually of their rights under FERPA. The actual means of notification (special letter, inclusion in a PTA bulletin, student handbook, or newspaper article) is left to the discretion of each school.

For additional information, you may call 1-800-USA-LEARN (1-800-872-5327). Individuals who use TDD may use the Federal Relay Service.

Students may also contact the following address:

Family Policy Compliance Office U.S. Department of Education
400 Maryland Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20202-8520